## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

- (d) Records for law enforcement purposes shall be subject to the following rules:
- (1) No such record is available for public disclosure prior to the consideration of regulatory enforcement action based upon that record's being closed, except as provided in §20.82. The Commissioner will exercise his discretion to disclose records relating to possible criminal prosecution pursuant to §20.82 prior to consideration of criminal prosecution being closed only very rarely and only under circumstances that demonstrate a compelling public interest.
- (2) After the consideration of regulatory enforcement action is closed, such records shall be made available for public disclosure except to the extent that other exemptions from disclosure in this subpart are applicable. No statements of witnesses obtained through promises of confidentiality are available for public disclosure.
- (3) The consideration of regulatory enforcement action based upon a particular record shall be deemed to be closed within the meaning of this section:
- (i) If it relates to administrative action, when a final decision has been made not to take such action or such action has been taken and the matter has been concluded.
- (ii) If it relates to court action, when a final decision has been made not to recommend such action to a United States attorney based upon that record, or a recommendation has been finally refused by a United States attorney, or court action has been instituted and the matter and all related appeals have been concluded, or the statute of limitations runs.
- (iii) If it relates to both administrative and court action, when the events described in both paragraph (d)(3) (i) and (ii) of this section have occurred.
- (4) Prior to disclosure of any record specifically reflecting consideration of possible criminal prosecution of any individual, all names and other information that would identify an individual who was considered for criminal prosecution but who was not prosecuted shall be deleted unless the Commissioner concludes that there is a

- compelling public interest in the disclosure of such names.
- (e) Names and other information that would identify a Food and Drug Administration employee shall be deleted from records prior to public disclosure only pursuant to §20.32.

 $[42\ FR\ 15616,\ Mar.\ 22,\ 1977,\ as\ amended\ at\ 59\ FR\ 536,\ Jan.\ 5,\ 1994]$ 

## § 20.65 National defense and foreign policy.

- (a) Records or information may be withheld from public disclosure if they are:
- (1) Specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy; and
- (2) In fact properly classified under such Executive order.
  - (b) [Reserved]

 $[70~{\rm FR}~41958,~{\rm July}~21,~2005]$ 

## § 20.66 Internal personnel rules and practices.

Records or information may be withheld from public disclosure if they are related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Under this exemption, FDA may withhold records or information about routine internal agency practices and procedures. Under this exemption, the agency may also withhold internal records whose release would help some persons circumvent the law.

[70 FR 41958, July 21, 2005]

## § 20.67 Records exempted by other statutes.

Records or information may be withheld from public disclosure if a statute specifically allows the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to withhold them. FDA may use another statute to justify withholding records and information only if it absolutely prohibits disclosure, sets forth criteria to guide our decision on releasing material, or identifies particular types of matters to be withheld.

[70 FR 41958, July 21, 2005]